

**Programma di lingua e civiltà inglese**  
**Libro di Testo: "Performer Phases" Vol.1**  
**Anno scolastico 2024/2025**  
**Prof. Pece Antonio**  
**Classe I quadriennale**

Nel corso dell'anno scolastico, un'ora di lezione è stata svolta in compresenza con l'insegnante Madrelingua Chomondley Elizabeth che ha curato l'aspetto comunicativo dell'inglese aiutando il sottoscritto a consolidare le competenze in lingua inglese. Inoltre una delle quattro ore di lezione è stata svolta in compresenza con La professoressa di Italiano Zazzara Daniela. Nello specifico sono stati svolti i seguenti argomenti divisi in area grammaticale, lessicale e funzioni comunicative.

**Area Grammaticale**

Verb To be; Verb to have; Present simple: Positive, interrogative and negative; Subject pronouns; Present Continuous; Possessive adjectives; Possessive case; Indefinite and definite article; Plural nouns; This/That / these/those; There is/are; Some/any/no; Adverbs and expressions of frequency; Countable and uncountable nouns; How much/How many? A lot of, lots of, a little, a few, much, many, Too much, too many, too little, not enough. Prepositions of place; Prepositions of movement; Past simple of the verb to be; past simple of regular and irregular verbs. Past simple: Positive and negative form. Can. Past Continuous; Past Continuous and Simple Past; Comparative and superlative adjectives; Less and the least, As.....as; Be going to for predictions and intentions. Expressions of future time, Present simple as future. Will/won't/ be going to + infinitive of purpose. Present Continuous as future; Present Perfect: interrogative and negative form; Present Perfect with just, already, yet, still, recently, for, since. Used to. Must, mustn't: obbligo. have to, don't have to: necessità. Indefinite pronouns, Present Perfect Continuous, *for* and *since*, Present Perfect Simple vs Present Perfect Continuous, non-defining relative clauses, infinitive of purpose, defining relative clauses, zero and first Conditional, When, unless, as soon as, before, after, until, modal verbs of deduction, degree modifiers. Second Conditional.

**Area Lessicale**

Everyday activities; healthy habits; Parts of the house and furnishings; shops and shopping; Food and drinks; Sports, Sports equipments; Film and tv series; Adjectives of opinion; Containers and quantities; The Family; School subjects; Nationalities; The clock; The age; Hobbies; The days of the week; the months of the year; The time; The numbers; Compound nouns; Appearance; Adjectives of Personality; Past time expressions; Clothes and accessories; Phrasal verbs related to clothes; The natural world; geographical features; Travelling and holidays; Means of transport; Leisure time; Literary and film genres. The world of cinema. Life events. House and furniture. Household chores,

**Funzioni Comunicative**

Saying about your routine; Talking about your lifestyle; describing your house; Talking about family, age, free time, food, drinks, nationalities; Talking about abilities. Comparing present and past experiences. Talking about personalities; Describing past events. Describing Clothes; Asking and giving your opinion. Agree/ disagree; Making comparisons; Making arrangements and

predictions; Talking about plans; Talking about past travelling experiences; expressing opinions; Talking about life. Speaking about rules. Describing houses; Giving your opinion; Asking and talking about past habits, Talking about household chores and objects, comparing past and present, making choices.

## **LITERATURE**

**History and society:** The Celts, The Romans.

**Literature and Culture:** The epic poem: “Beowulf”.

IL PROFESSORE

Antonio Pece